

Questioning and enquiry								
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	<mark>Year 4</mark>	<mark>Year 5</mark>	Year 6		
Ask questions about objects, events and animals observed in their environment (Nursery).	Ask simple questions about Begin to recognise that the different ways.		enquiries to answer them.  Begin to explore everyday phe between living things and fami Begin to develop their ideas at interactions.  Begin to raise their own questi	oout functions, relationships, and ons about the world around them.  about which types of enquiry will	Begin to plan different types of scier questions, including recognising and necessary.  Begin to explore and talk about idea scientific phenomena, analyse funct interactions more systematically.  Begin to recognise some more abstr how these ideas help them to under Begin to recognise scientific ideas chem begin to select the most appropriate questions using different types of scientific ideas chem begin to select the most appropriate questions using different types of scientific ideas chem begin to select the most appropriate questions using different types of scientific ideas chem begin to select the most appropriate questions using different types of scientific ideas chem begin to select the most appropriate questions using different types of scientific ideas chem begin to select the most appropriate questions using different types of scientific ideas chem begin to select the most appropriate questions using different types of scientific ideas chem begin to select the most appropriate questions using different types of scientific ideas chem begin to select the most appropriate questions using different types of scientific ideas chem begin to select the most appropriate questions using different types of scientific ideas chem begin to select the most appropriate questions using different types of scientific ideas chem begin to select the most appropriate questions using different types of scientific ideas chem begin to select the most appropriate questions using different types of scientific ideas chem begin to select the most appropriate questions using different types of scientific ideas chem begin to select the most appropriate questions using different types of scientific ideas chem begin to select the most appropriate questions and the select the se	s, ask their own questions about ions, relationships, and act ideas and begin to recognise stand how the world operates.  hange and develop over time.		
TV.T.0	Observing and measuring / Pattern seeking							
EYFS Make	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4 careful observations and, where	Year 5  Begin to take measurements, using a	Year 6		
observations about objects, events and animals and answer questions.  Find out how things work by observations and experimentation.	Begin to observe closely, using simple equipment.  Use simple observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions.  To observe simple changes over time and, with guidance, begin to notice patterns and relationships.  To say what I am looking for and what I am measuring.  To know how to use simple equipment safely.  Use simple measurements and equipment with support / with increasing independence (e.g. hand lenses and egg timers).  Begin to progress from non-standard units, reading mm, cm, m, cl, l, °C.		appropriate, take accurate measurements using standard units, using a range of equipment, including thermometers and data loggers.  Begin to look for naturally occurring patterns and relationships and decide what data to collect to identify them.  Help to make decisions about what observations to make, how long to make them for and the type of simple equipment that might be used.  Learn to use some new equipment appropriately (eg data loggers).  Begin to see a pattern in my results.  Begin to choose from a selection of equipment.		with increasing accuracy and precisi appropriate.  Begin to identify patterns that might environment.  Begin to make their own decisions a what measurements to use and how whether to repeat them.  Choose the most appropriate equipal accurately.	on, taking repeat readings where the befound in the natural bout what observations to make, volong to make them for and		
					Begin to interpret data and find patt Select equipment on my own.	erns.		



			Begin to observe and measure a including time in minutes and so	. –	Can make a set of observations and say what the interval and range are.  Begin to take accurate and precise measurements – N, g, kg, mm, cm, mins, seconds, cm²V, km/h, m per sec, m/ sec Graphs – pie, line, bar.				
	Investigating								
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6			
Find out how				,					
things work by	Perform simple tests with support.		Set up some simple practical enquiries, comparative and fair tests.		Begin to use test results to make predictions to set up further comparative and fair tests.				
observations and	To begin to discuss my ideas about how to find things		tests.		Comparative and rail tests.				
experimentation.	out.	s about now to find things	Pogin to recognise when a simp	le fair test is necessary and help	Design to recognize when and how to get up comparative and fair				
experimentation.	out.			ie fair test is necessary and neip	Begin to recognise when and how to set up comparative and fair				
Camba	To begin to accordant house		to decide how to set it up.		tests and explain which variables need to be controlled and why.				
Sort a variety of	To <mark>begin to say what happe</mark>	ned in my investigation.	Designate this leaf assure the sure and		The state of the s				
objects into			Begin to think of more than one variable factor.		Begin to suggest improvements to my method and give reasons.				
groups – size,					O with the desired and the desired and the	and the state of the state of			
colour, texture,					Begin to decide when it is appropri	ate to do a fair test.			
function.	function.								
	Recording and reporting findings								
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6			
	Gather and record data with some adult support, to help in answering questions.  Begin to record simple data.  Begin to record and communicate their findings in a range of ways.		Gather, record, and begin to classify and present data in a variety of ways to help in answering questions.		Begin to record data and results of increasing complexity using scientific diagrams and labels, classification keys, tables and bar and line graphs.				
			<b>Begin to</b> record findings using simple scientific language, drawings, labelled diagrams, keys, bar charts and tables.		Begin to report and present findings from enquiries.				
			<b>Begin to</b> report on findings from enquiries, including oral and written explanations, displays or presentations of results and		Begin to decide how to record data from a choice of familiar approaches.				
	Can show my results in a <b>sir</b> has provided.	<mark>mple table</mark> that my teacher	conclusions.  Begin to use notes, simple tables and standard units and help to decide how to record and analyse their data.		Begin to choose how best to present data.				
			Begin to record results in tables	and bar charts.					
Identifying, grouping, and classifying									
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6			
Sort a variety of	Identify and classify with so	me support.	Begin to identify differences, sir	nilarities or changes related to	Begin to use and develop keys and	other information records to			
objects into	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		simple scientific ideas and processes.		identify, classify and describe living things and materials.				
groups – size,	To begin to observe and identify, compare, and describe.								



colour, texture, function.	To begin to use simple features to compare objects, materials and living things and, with help, decide how to sort and group them.  Year 1  Year 2  To begin to use simple secondary sources to find		Begin to talk about criteria for grouping, sorting, and classifying and use simple keys.  Begin to compare and group according to behaviour or properties, based on testing.  Research  Year 3  Year 4  Begin to recognise when and how secondary sources might help		Year 5  Begin to recognise which secondary sources will be most useful to	
	answers.  To begin to find information to help me from books and computers with help.		to answer questions that cannot be answered through practical investigations.		research their ideas.	
			Conclus			
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
	they found it out  To begin to say what happe To begin to say whether I w		Begin to use results to draw simple conclusions, make predictions for new values, suggest improvements, and raise further questions.  Begin to use straightforward scientific evidence to answer questions or to support their findings.		Begin to report and present findings from enquiries, including conclusions, causal relationships, and explanations of and degree of trust in results, in oral and written forms such as displays and other presentations.  Begin to identify scientific evidence that has been used to support or refute ideas or arguments.	
	or not.  To begin to say whether I was or not.  To begin to say what I would investigation.		With help, begin to look for cha differences in their data to draw questions.  With support, begin to identify	anges, patterns, similarities, and v simple conclusions and answer	Begin to draw conclusions based on th to justify their ideas, use scientific knotheir findings.  Begin to use test results to make prediand fair tests.	
			data, make new predictions and find ways of improving what they have already done.		Begin to look for different causal relationships in their data and identify evidence that refutes or supports their ideas.	
			Begin to see a pattern in my results.		Use their results to identify when further tests and observations are needed.  Begin to separate opinion from fact.	
			Begin to say what I found out, linking cause and effect.			
			Begin to say how I could make it better.  Begin to answer questions from what I have found out.		Begin to draw conclusions and identify scientific evidence.	
					Can use simple models.	
					Know which evidence proves a scientific point.	
					Begin to use test results to make predi and fair tests.	ctions to set up further comparative



Vocabulary								
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6		
Use descriptive terms such as			Begin to use some scientific language to talk and, later, write about what they have found out.		Begin to read, spell, and pronounce scientific vocabulary correctly.			
'smooth', 'rough' 'boiling' and			Begin to use relevant scientific language.		<b>Begin to</b> use relevant scientific language and illustrations to discuss, communicate and justify scientific ideas.			
'freezing', 'floating and sinking'.	Use comparative language with support e.g. bigger, faster.		Begin to use comparative and superlative language.		Begin to confidently use a range of scientific vocabulary.			
					Begin to use conventions such as tr prediction and -er word generalisa			
					Begin to use scientific ideas when d	lescribing simple processes.		
					Begin to use the correct science voo	cabulary.		